# Fractals

(Applications)

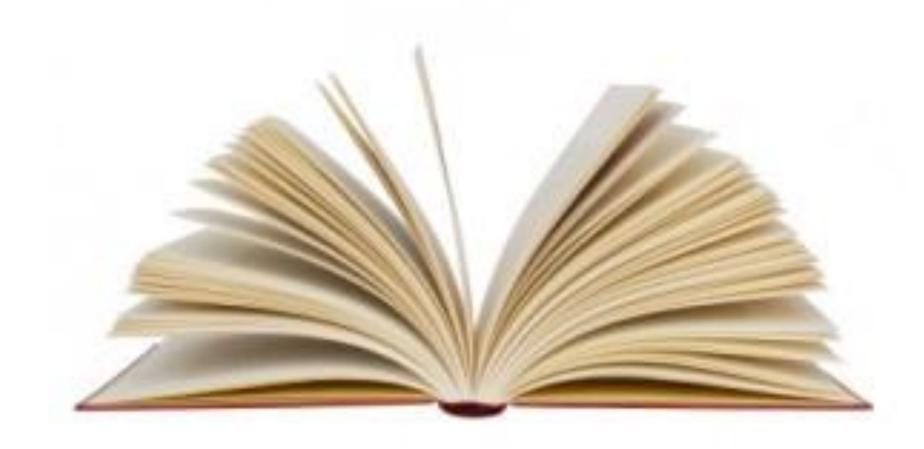
A3.6 design a simple and efficient recursive algorithm (e.g., calculate a factorial, translate numbers into words, perform a merge sort, generate fractals, perform XML parsing).

C2.4 identify common pitfalls in recursive functions (e.g., infinite recursion, exponential growth in recursive algorithms such as Fibonacci numbers).

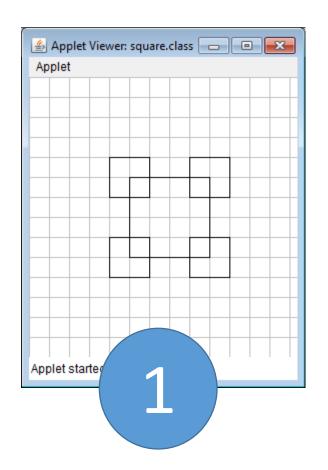
D4.1 report on some areas of collaborative research between computer science and other fields (e.g., bioinformatics, geology, economics, linguistics, health informatics, climatology, sociology, art), on the basis of information found in industry publications (e.g., from the ACM and IEEE);

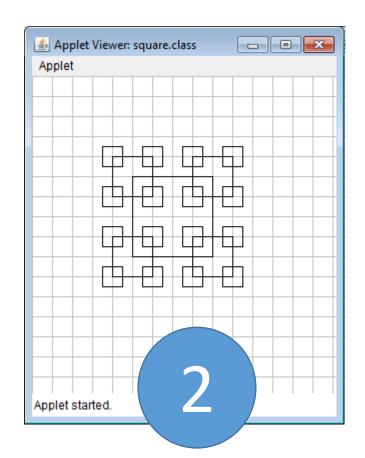
### Pre-reading: A strategy

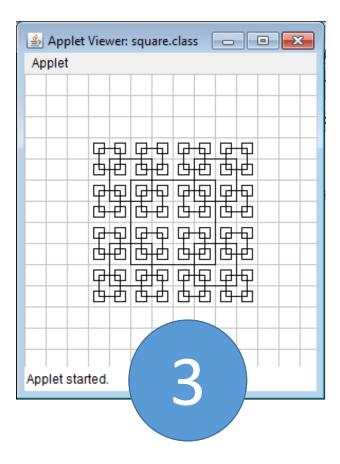
Read over the questions on your worksheet now.



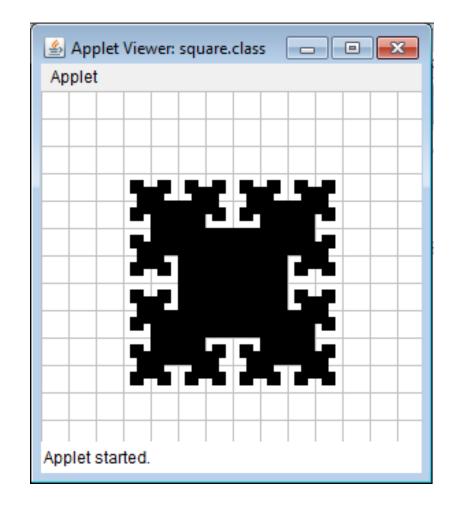
# A fractal is a drawing that displays self-similarity.

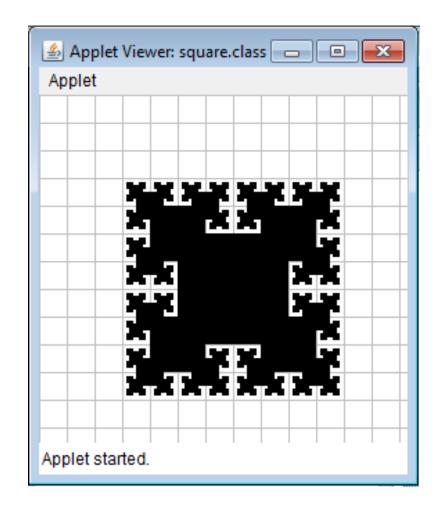


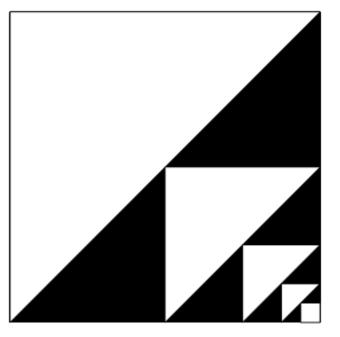




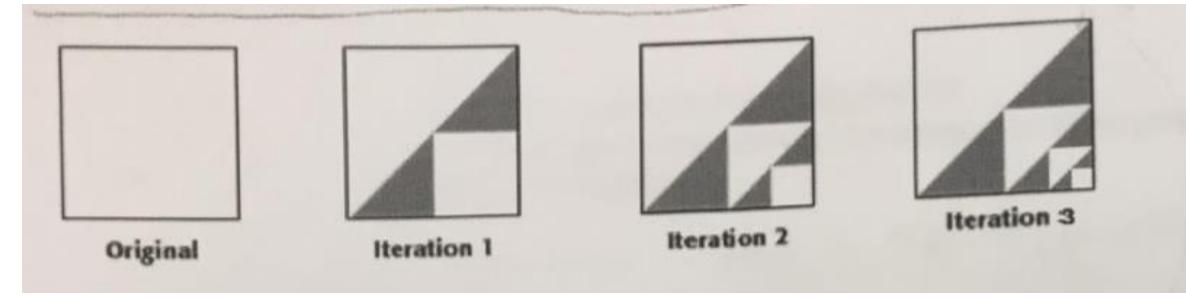
If you fill it, you can see where its name... T-square fractal... comes from.



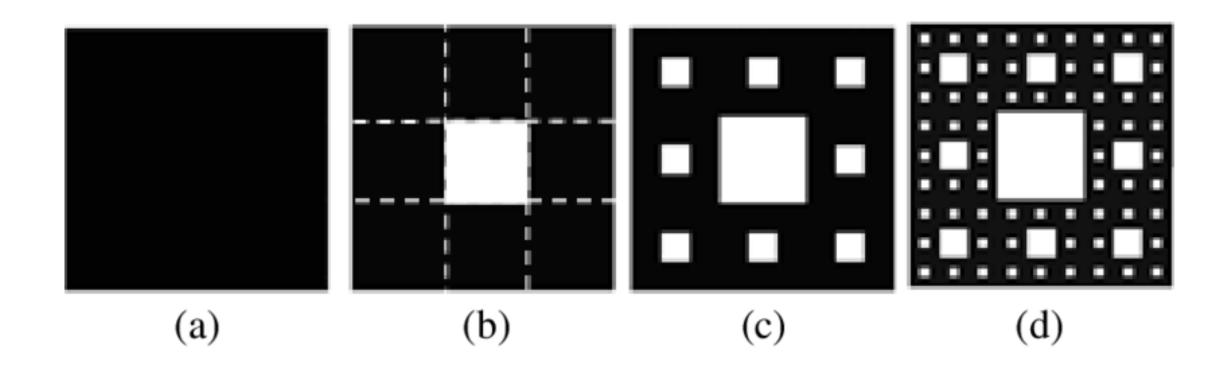


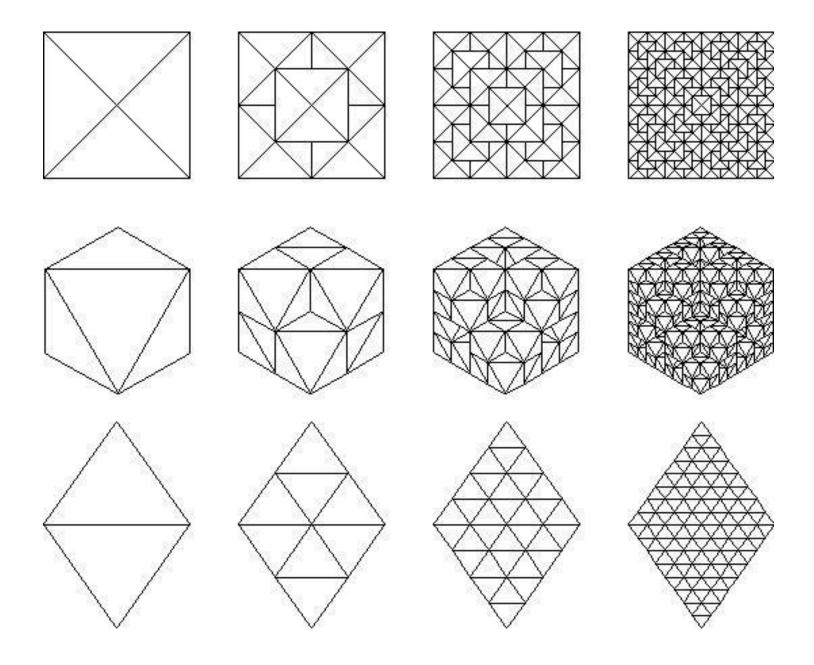


Another fractal. Draw the self similar part.



# Another fractal. Draw the self similar part.

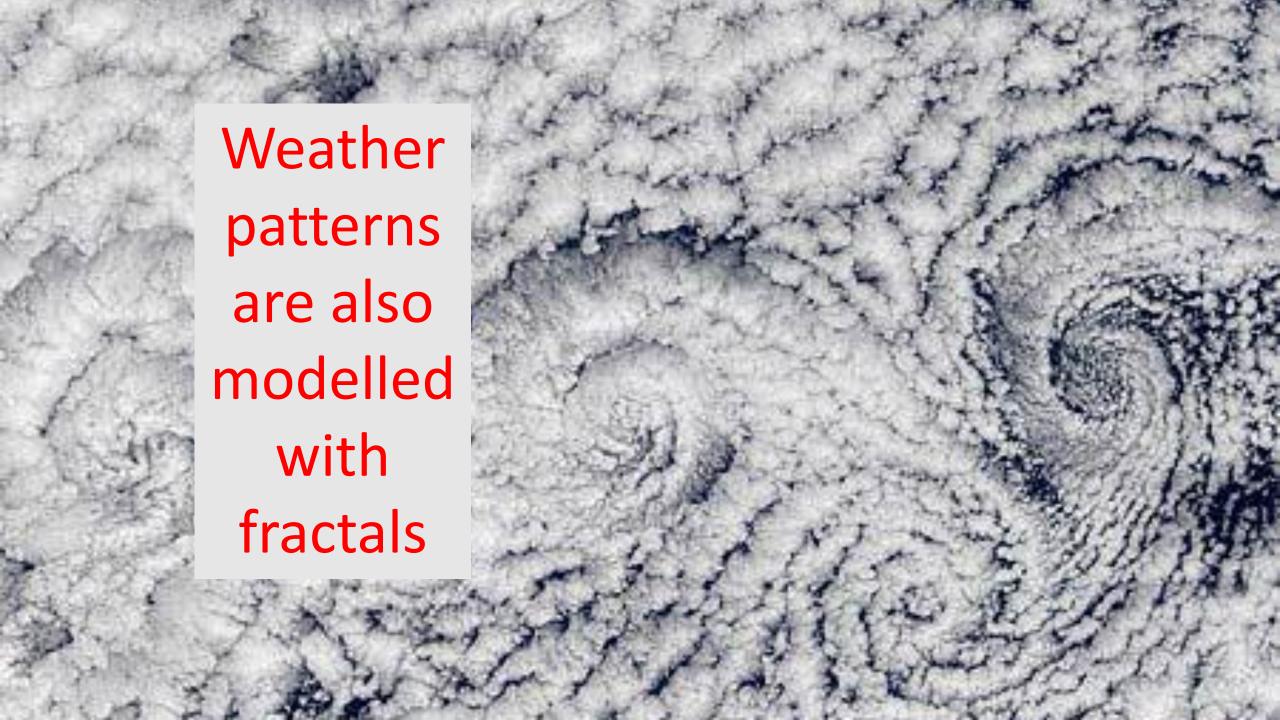




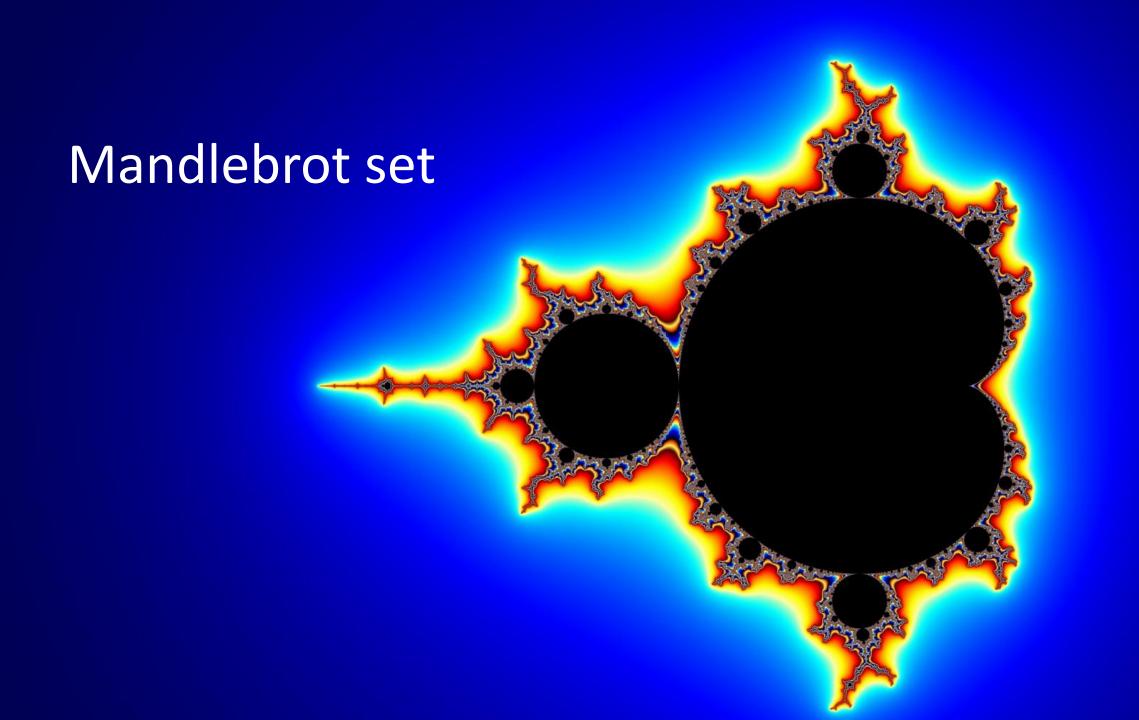


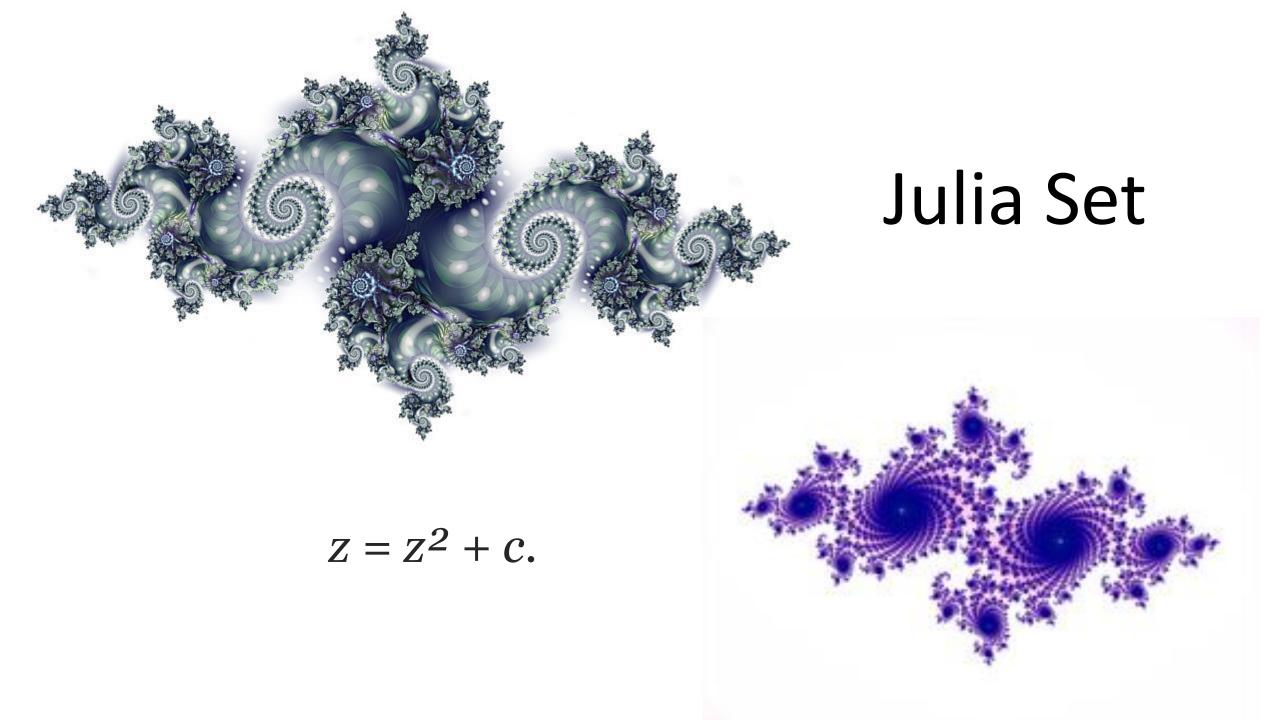
"A cloud is made of billows upon billows upon billows that look like clouds. As you come closer to a cloud you don't get something smooth, but irregularities at a smaller scale."

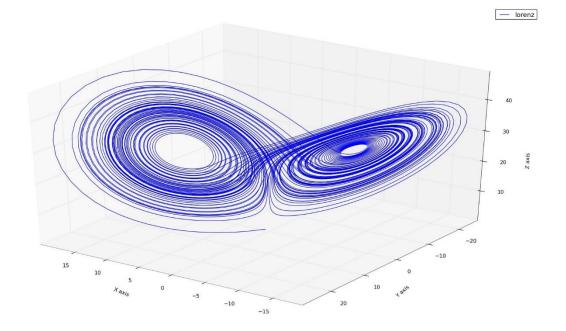
Benoit Mandelbrot



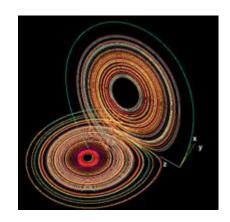






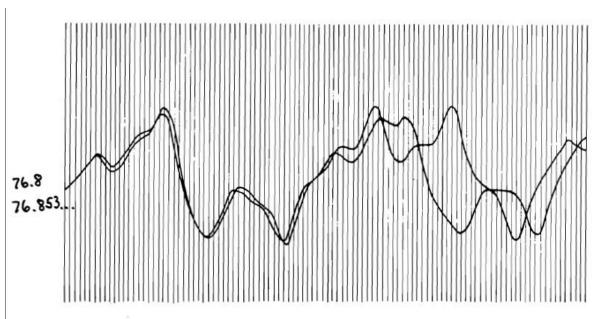






### Lorenz Attractor

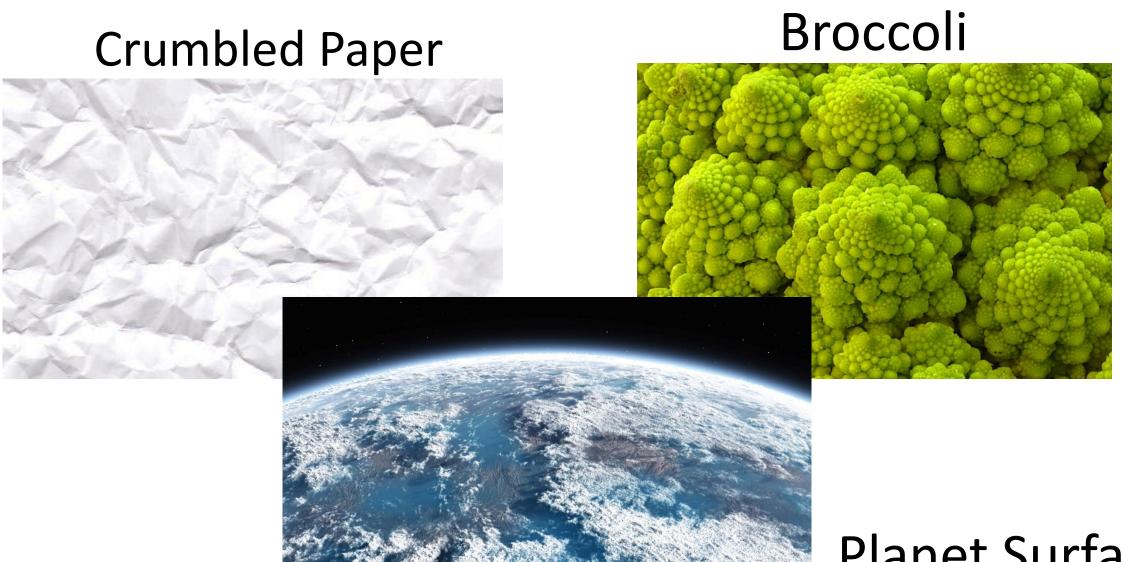
Weather patterns... butterfly effect... chaos theory



How two weather patterns diverge. From nearly the same starting point, Edward Lorenz saw his computer weather produce patterns that grew farther and farther apart until all resemblance disappeared. (From Lorenz's 1961 printouts.)

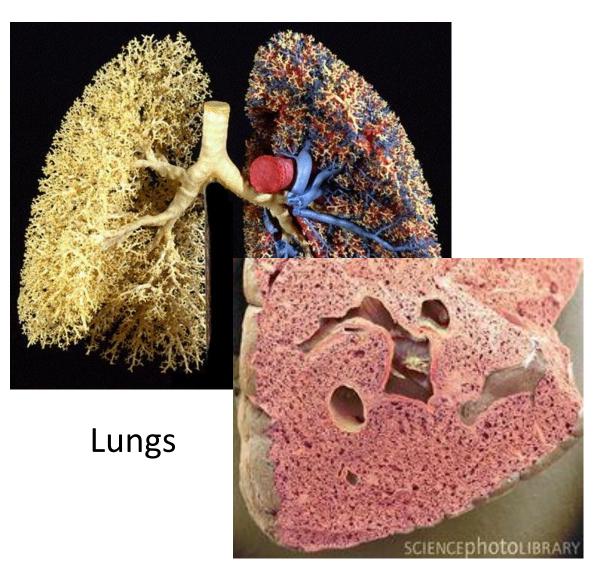


### **Textures**

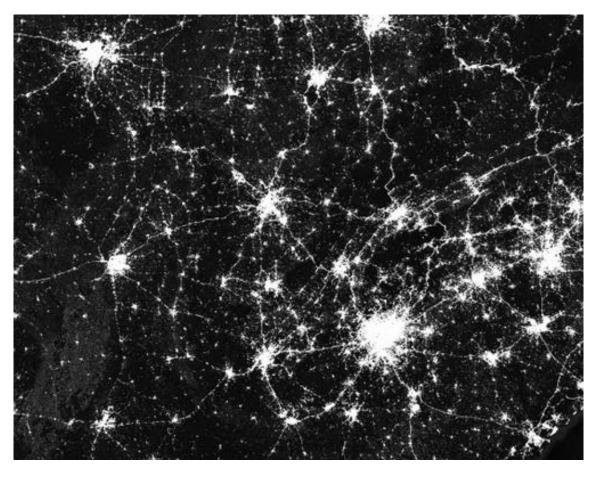


Planet Surface

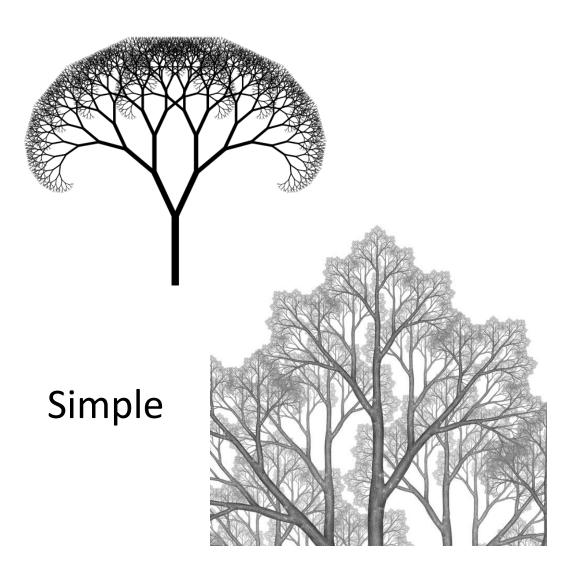
## Human Biology

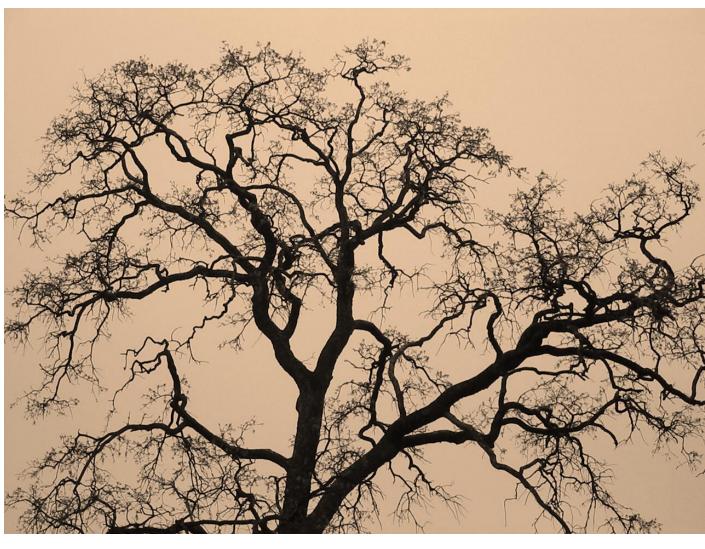


### **Brain Neurons**



### Trees





Complex



# Other Items in Nature

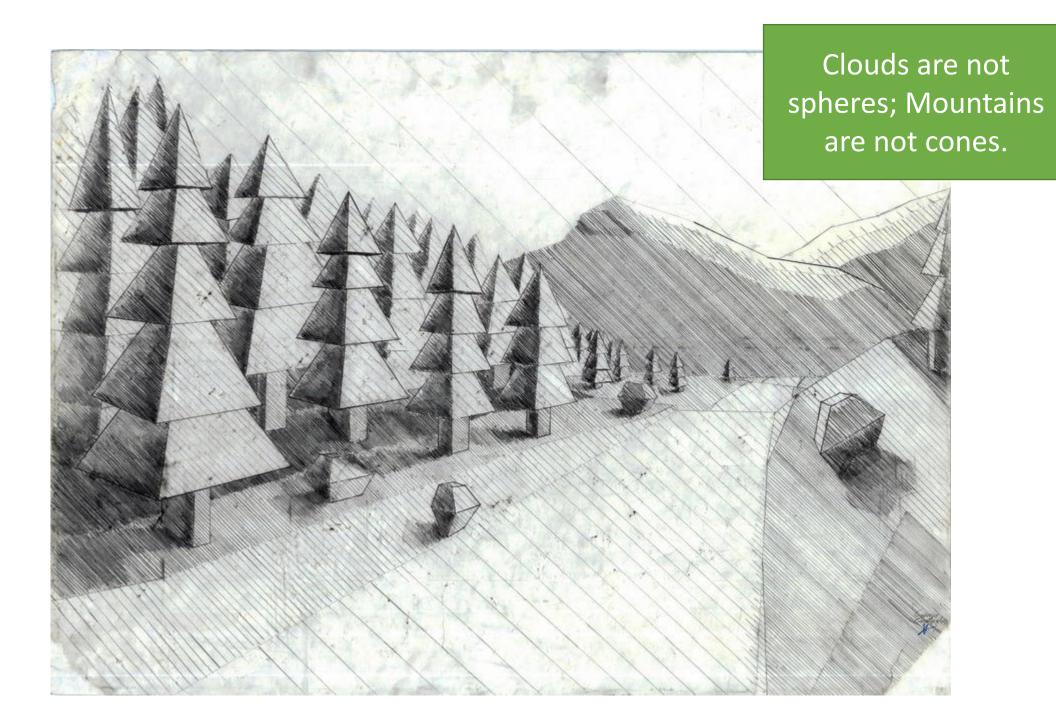


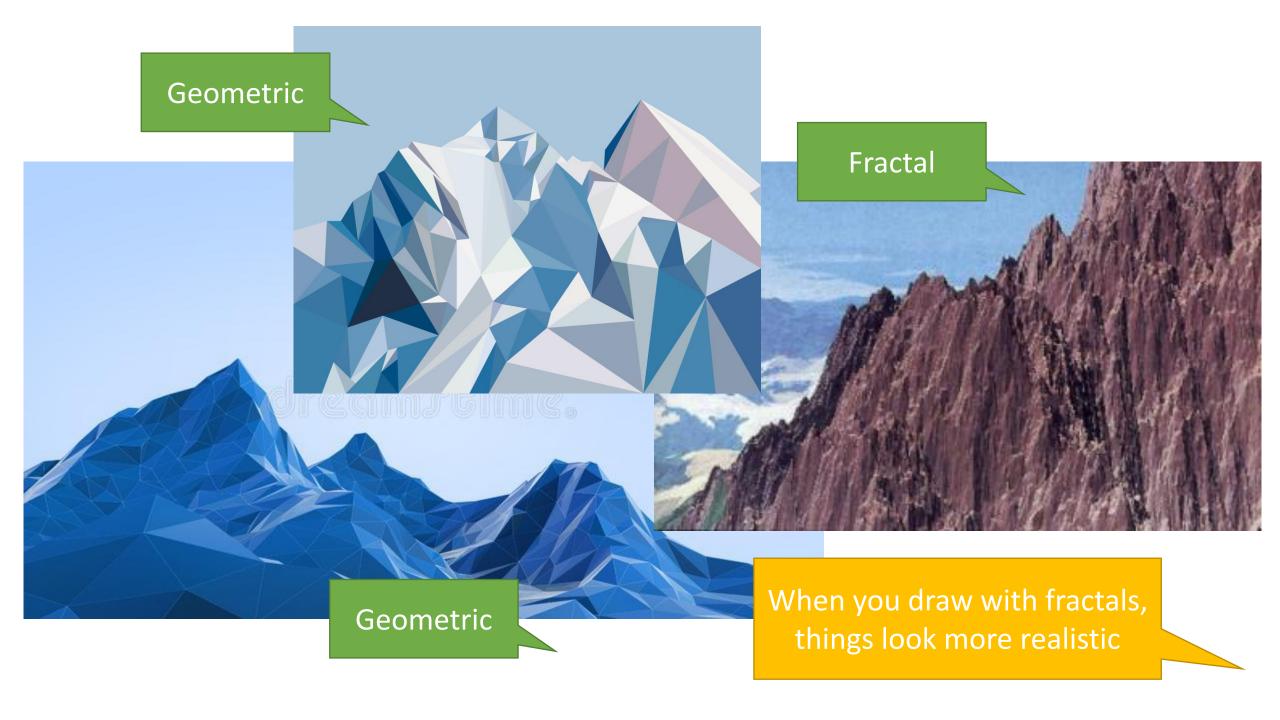








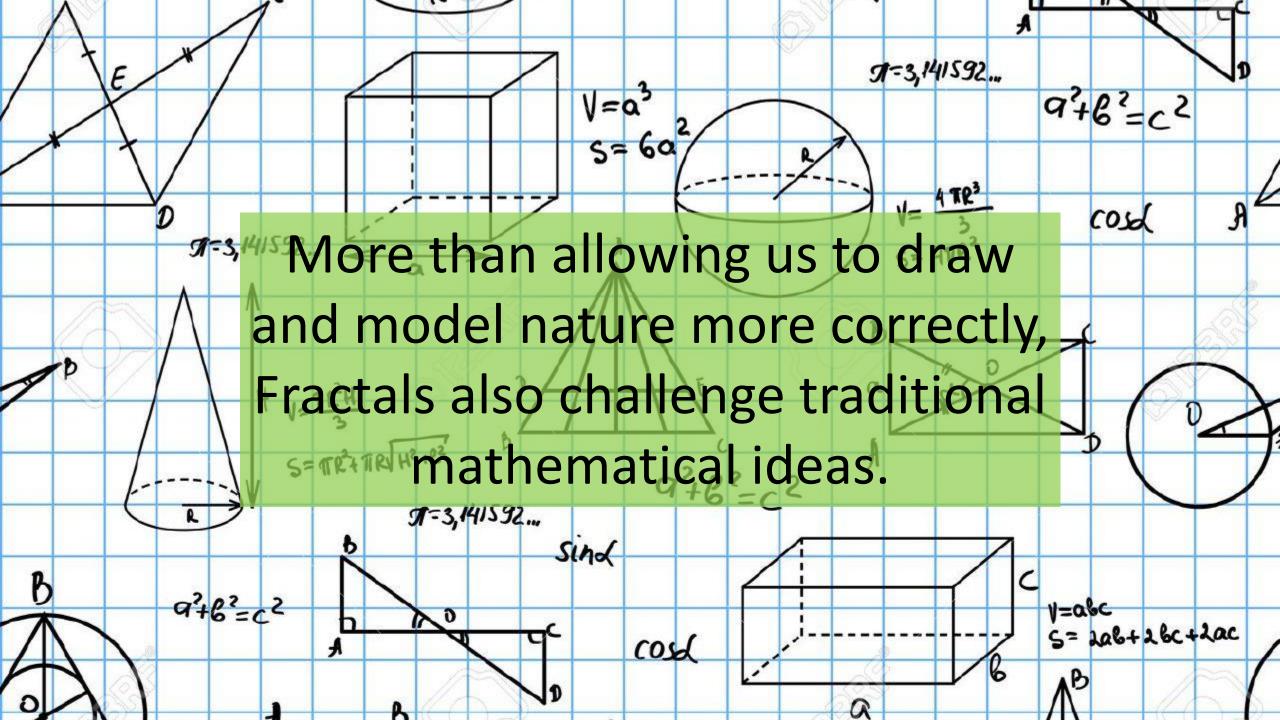








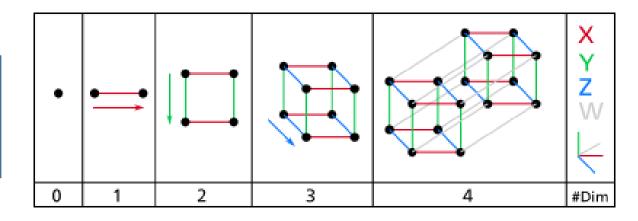




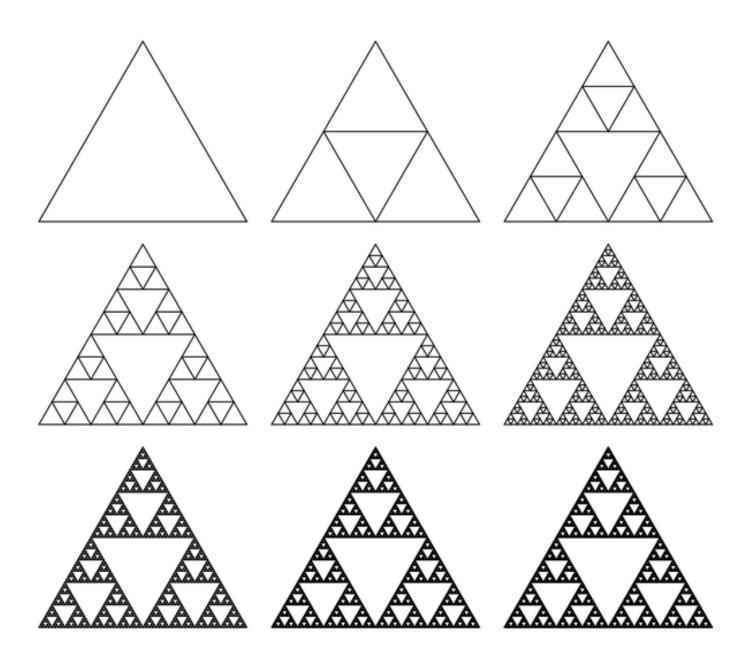
### **Cantor Set**



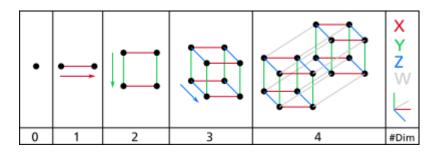
The four dimensions:



D= 0.6309
It's a line with some missing

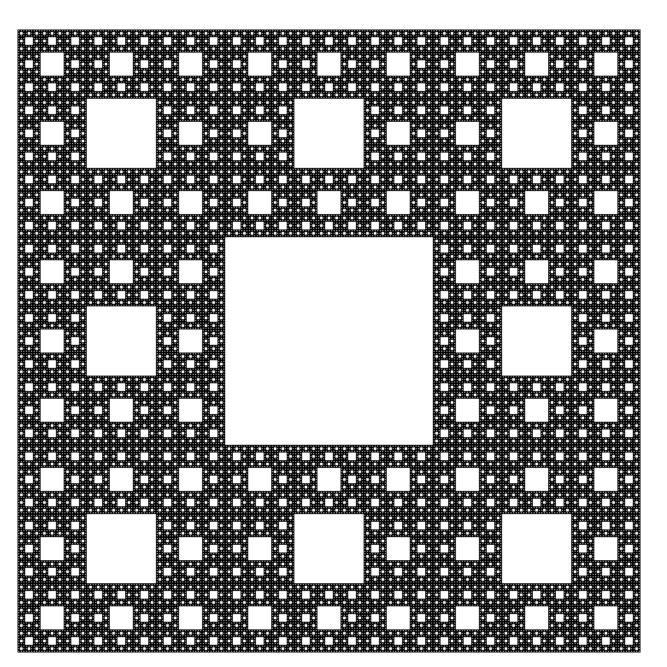


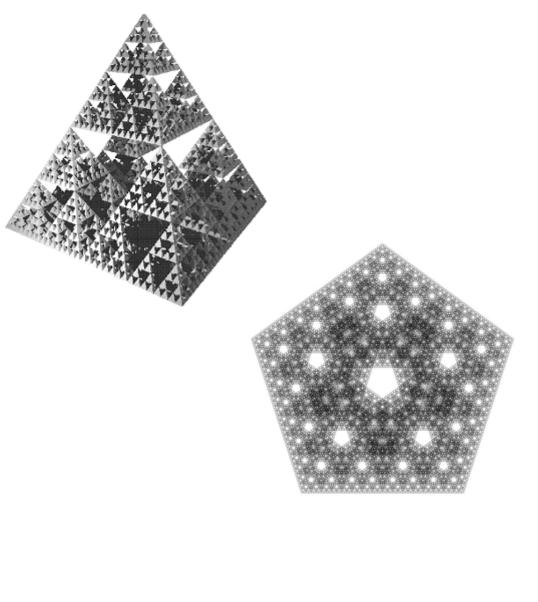
## Sierpinski's Triangle



Consider the white section as REMOVED It's a 2D shape with some missing.

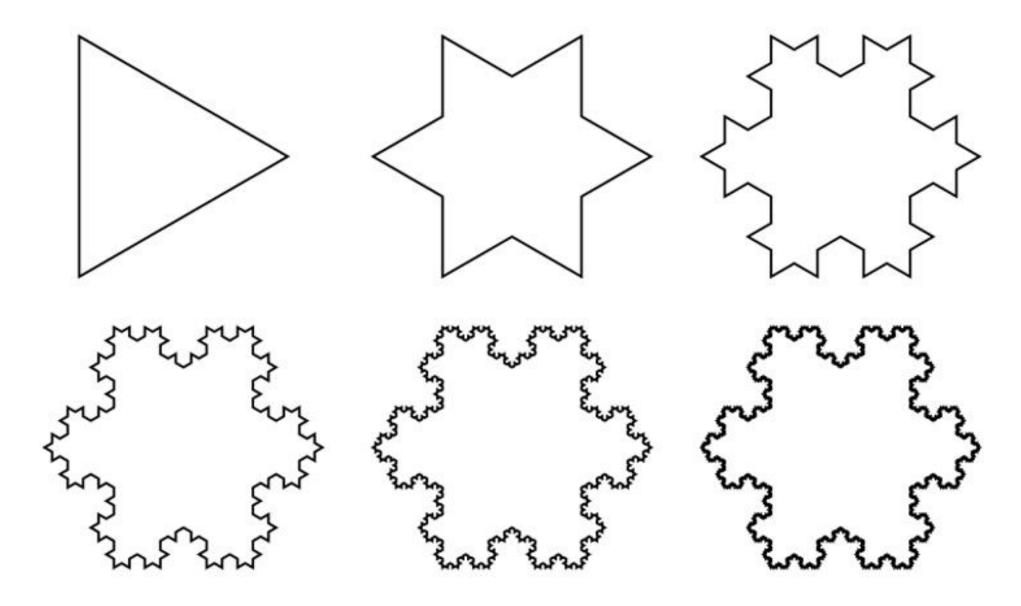
D = 1.584

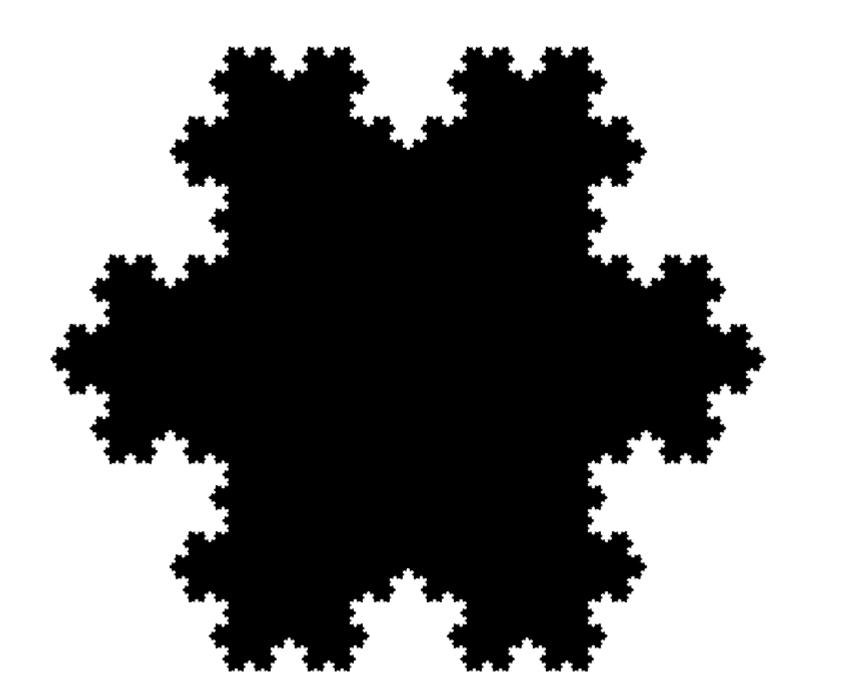




### Koch Snowflake

A fractal made by addition.





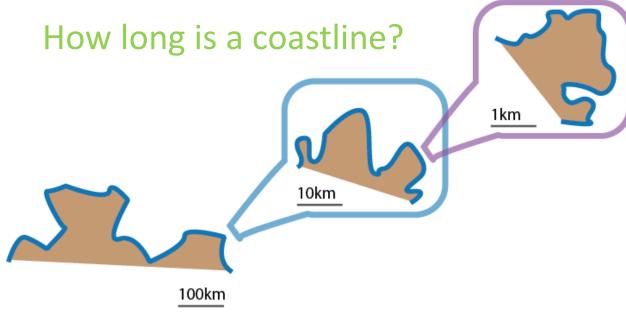
D = 1.261

If you continue this pattern to infinity:

- It has a finite area (you can carpet it)
- It has an infinite perimeter
   (you can't fence it)

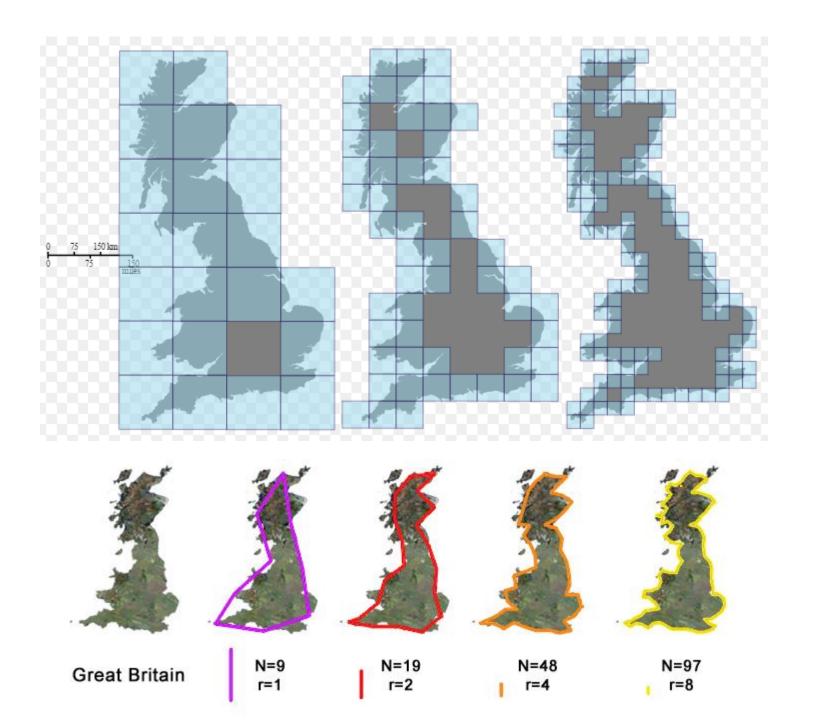


# Fractal Paradox of measuring coastlines.

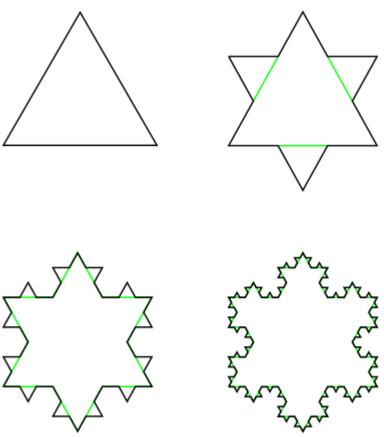


The measured length of a coastline depends of the size of the measuring stick:

If you take a satellite picture... vs. Driving it ... vs. Walking it The lengths are different.

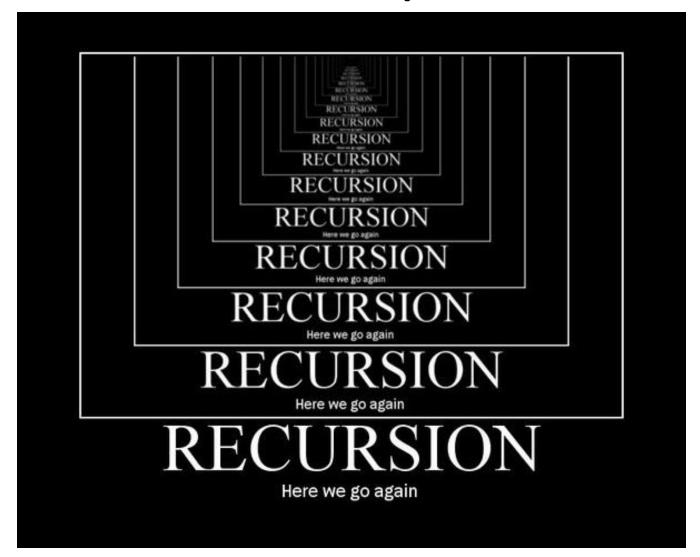


Each different measuring stick of a coastline is like a different level of fractal.



Coastlines are fractal.

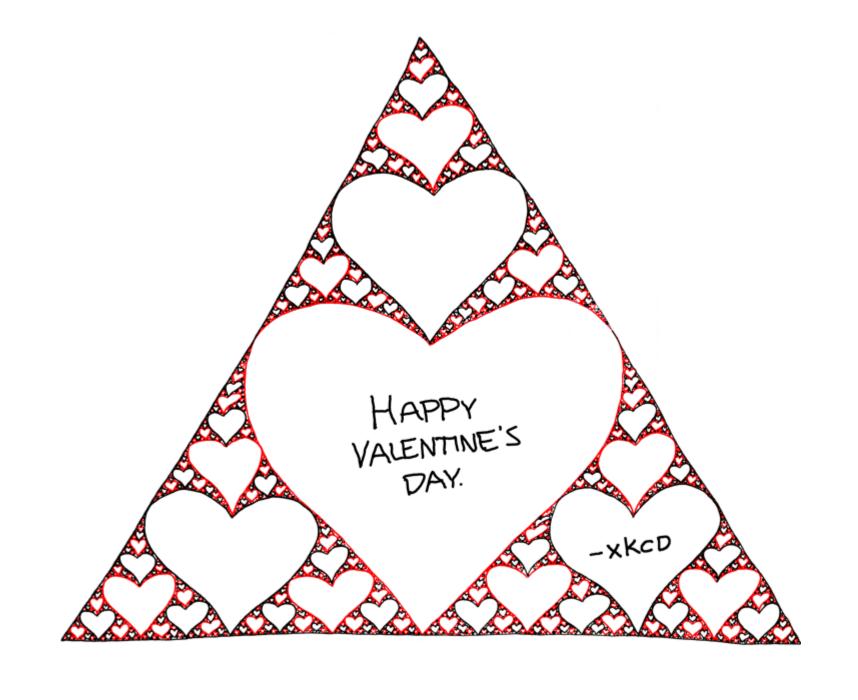
### That's all ... Except for this ...

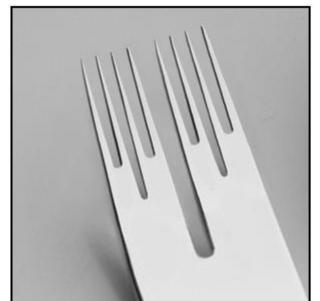






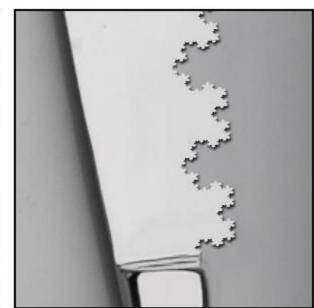




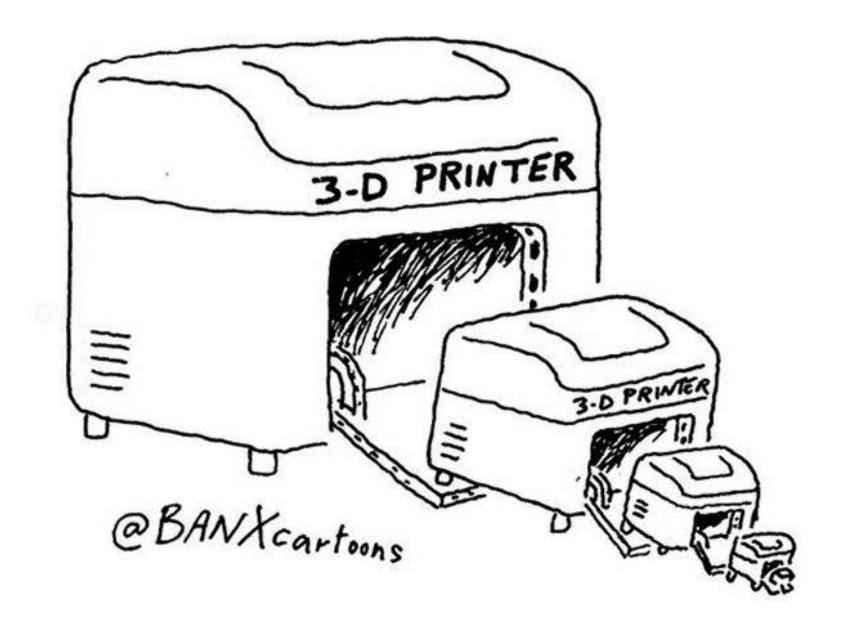


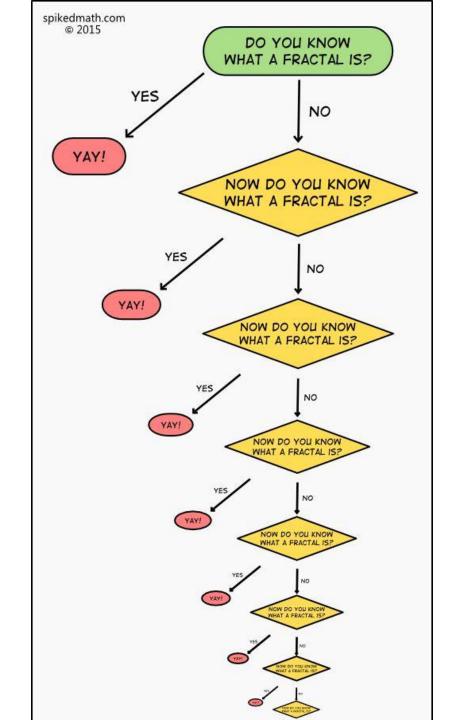














## FRACTAL WRONGNESS

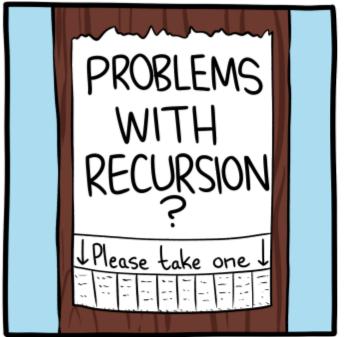
You are not just wrong. You are wrong at every conceivable scale of resolution.

Zooming in on any part of your worldview finds beliefs exactly as wrong as your entire worldview.

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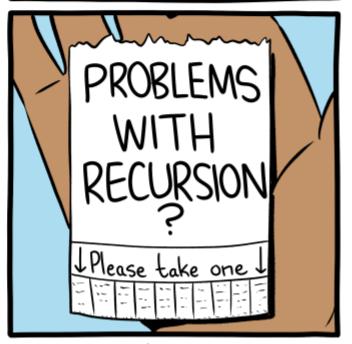












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