

# CharAt Loop

Processing Each Letter



```
public class loopChar {  
    public static void main (String args[]) {  
        new loopChar ();  
    }  
  
    public loopChar () {  
        String s = "word";  
        System.out.println (reverse (s));  
    }  
  
    public String reverse (String s){  
        String ans = "";  
        for (int i = s.length () - 1 ; i >= 0 ; i--)  
            ans += s.charAt (i);  
        return ans;  
    }  
}
```

What is the name  
of the  
constructor?

What is the name  
of the method?

What is  
the return  
type?

What is the  
parameter?

```
public class loopChar {  
    public static void main (String args[]) {  
        new loopChar ();  
    }  
  
    public loopChar () {  
        String s = "word";  
        System.out.println (reverse (s));  
    }  
  
    public String reverse (String s){  
        String ans = "";  
        for (int i = s.length () - 1 ; i >= 0 ; i--)  
            ans += s.charAt (i);  
        return ans;  
    }  
}
```

Where is the method called?

What is passed into the method?

```

public String reverse (String s) {
    String ans = "";
    for (int i = s.length () - 1 ; i >= 0 ; i--)
        ans += s.charAt (i);
    return ans;
}

```

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
V	i	o	I	a		D	e	s	m	o	n	d



```
public String reverse (String s) {  
    String ans = "";  
    for (int i = s.length () - 1 ; i >= 0 ; i--)  
        ans += s.charAt (i);  
  
    return ans;  
}
```

A place to build  
up the answer.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
V	i	o	I	a		D	e	s	m	o	n	d

```
public String reverse (String s) {  
    String ans = "";  
  
    for (int i = s.length () - 1 ; i >= 0 ; i--)  
        ans += s.charAt (i);  
  
    return ans;  
}
```

End

Go this way

Start

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
V	i	o	I	a		D	e	s	m	o	n	d

Length =  
13

```
public String reverse (String s) {  
    String ans = "";  
  
    for (int i = s.length () - 1 ; i >= 0 ; i--)  
        ans += s.charAt (i);  
    return ans;  
}
```

<b>ans values</b>	dnomseD
d	dnomseD (space)
dn	dnomseD a
dno	dnomseD al
dnom	dnomseD ali
dnoms	dnomseD alio
dnomse	dnomseD alioV

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
V	i	o	I	a		D	e	s	m	o	n	d



Caesar  
Shift



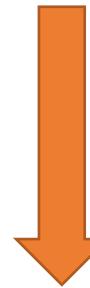
Alice



Plaintext

Key: shift of 1 letter

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
Z	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y



Ciphertext



Bob



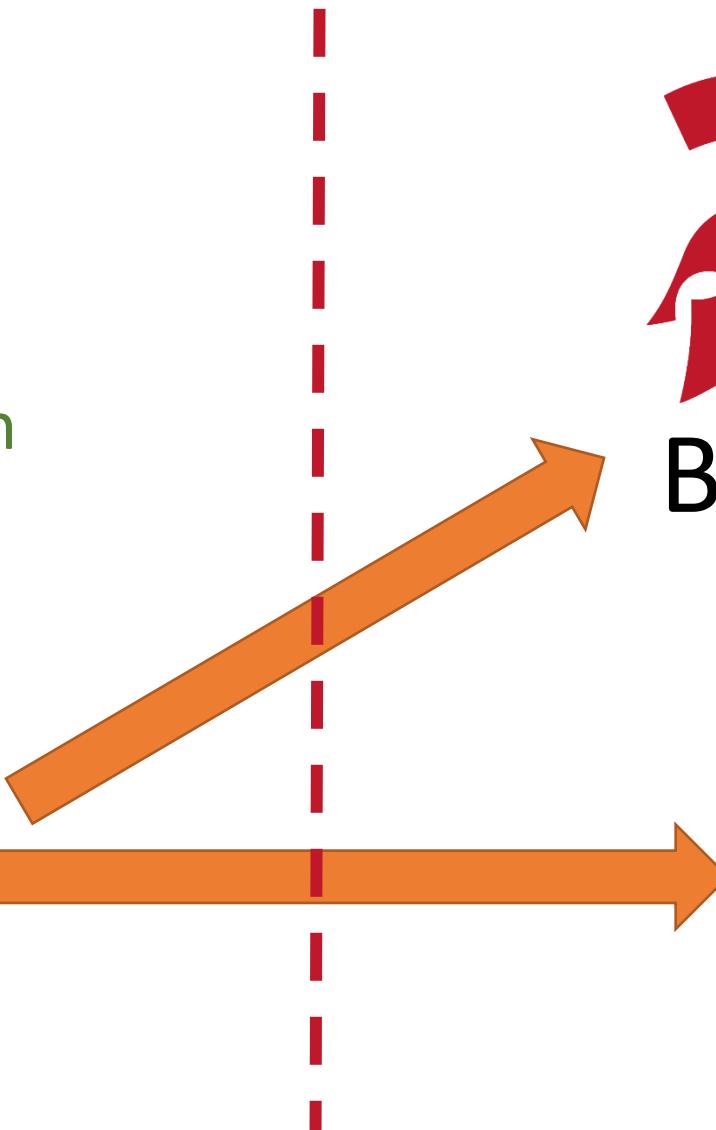
Alice



Encryption

Key: shift of 1 letter

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ  
ZABCDEFGHIJKLMNPQRSTUVWXYZ



Bob

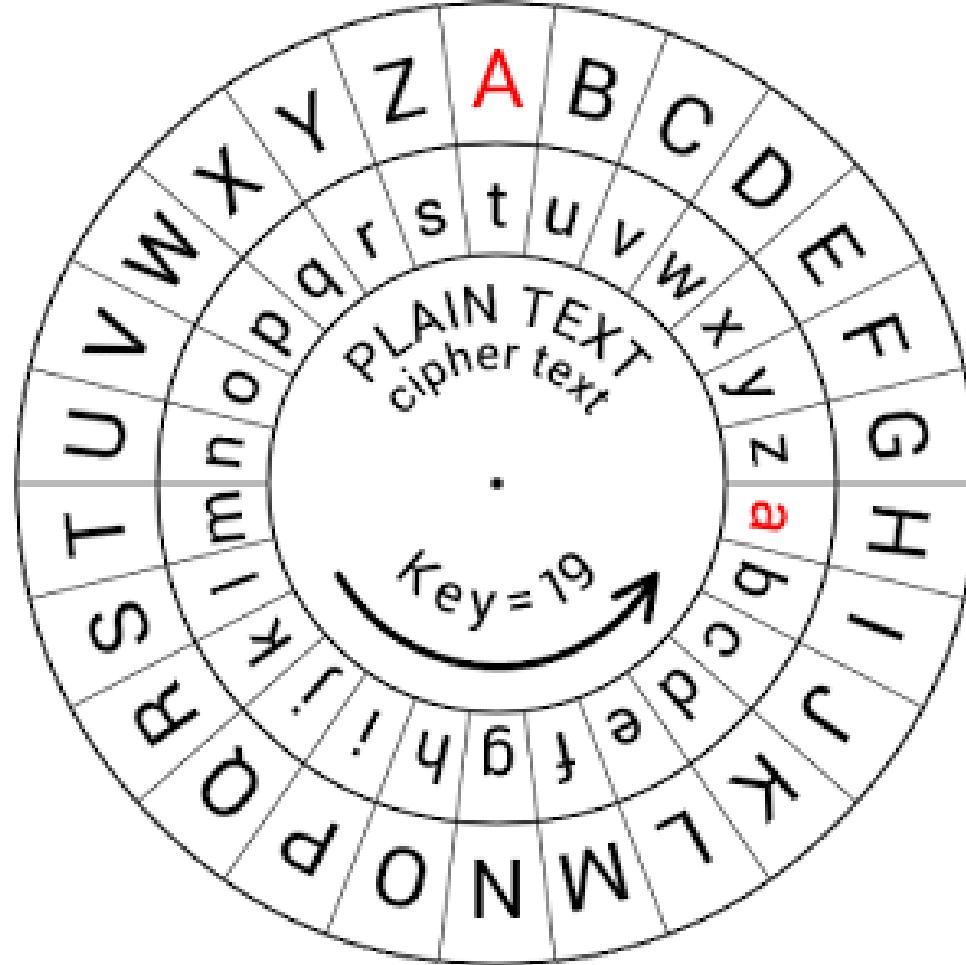
I know the key. I can decrypt the message.



Eve

I am so confused.

Yeah.  
Not  
really.



```
public class encrypt {  
    public static void main (String args[]) {  
        new encrypt ();  
    }  
  
    public encrypt () {  
        String s = "babyz";  
        System.out.println (caesar (s));  
    }  
  
    public String caesar (String s) {  
        String ans = "";  
        s = s.toLowerCase ();  
        for (int i = 0 ; i < s.length () ; i++) {  
            int ascii = (int) (s.charAt (i));  
            if (ascii == 32) //space  
                ans += ' ';  
            else if (ascii == 122) //z  
                ans += 'a';  
            else //all other letters  
                ans += (char) (ascii + 1);  
        }  
        return ans;  
    }  
}
```

A program that  
does a one position  
Caesar shift.

```
public String caesar (String s) {  
    String ans = "";  
    s = s.toLowerCase ();  
    for (int i = 0 ; i < s.length () ; i++) {  
        int ascii = (int) (s.charAt (i));  
        if (ascii == 32) //space  
            ans += ' ';  
        else if (ascii == 122) //z  
            ans += 'a';  
        else //all other letters  
            ans += (char) (ascii + 1);  
    }  
    return ans;  
}
```

Starts and  
ends where?

What does  
this do?

```
public String caesar (String s) {  
    String ans = "";  
    s = s.toLowerCase ();  
    for (int i = 0 ; i < s.length () ; i++) {  
        int ascii = (int) (s.charAt (i));  
        if (ascii == 32) //space  
            ans += ' ';  
        else if (ascii == 122) //z  
            ans += 'a';  
        else //all other letters  
            ans += (char) (ascii + 1);  
    }  
    return ans;  
}
```

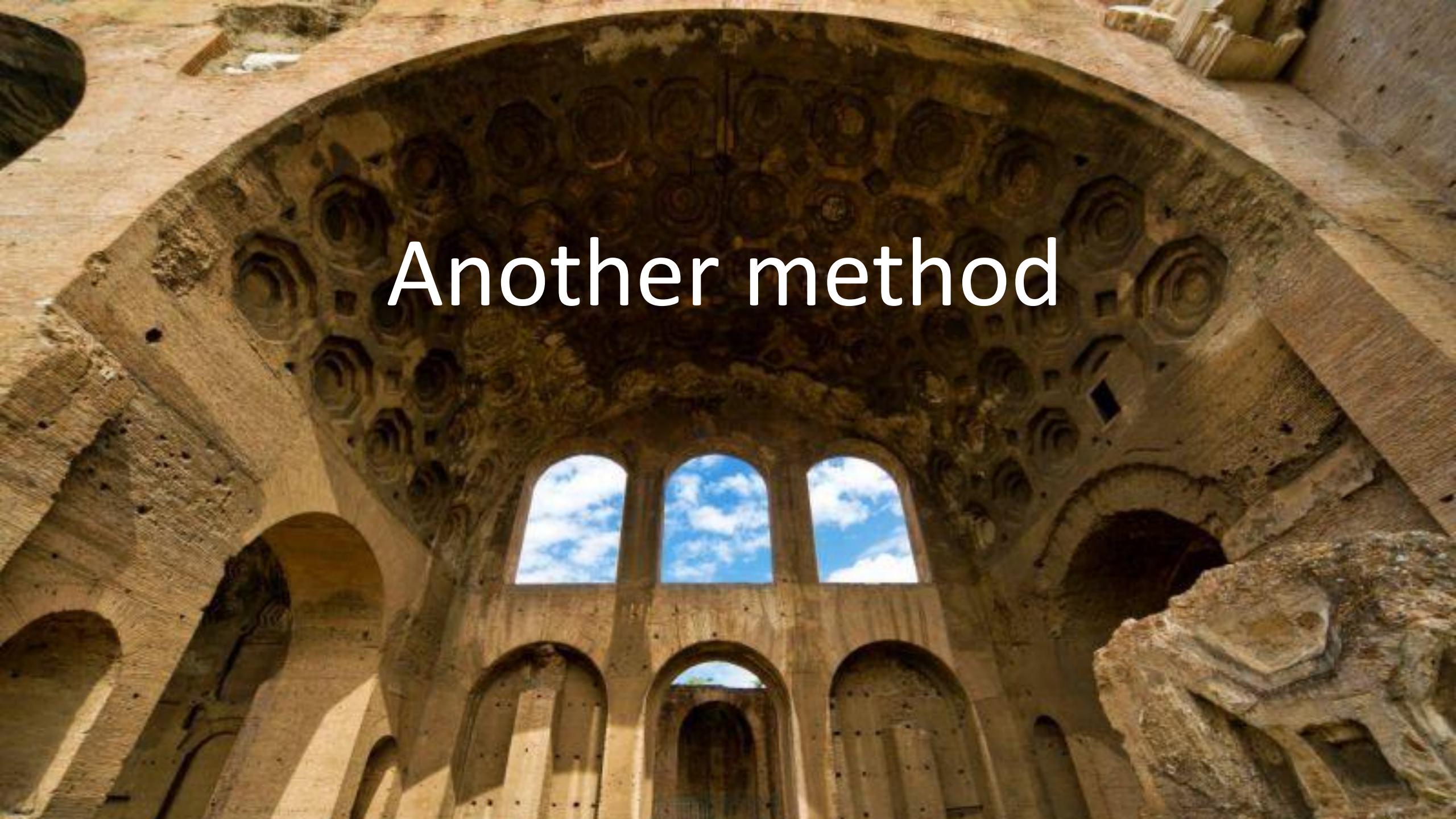
Take the next letter.

What does this do?

```
public String caesar (String s) {  
    String ans = "";  
    s = s.toLowerCase ();  
    for (int i = 0 ; i < s.length () ; i++) {  
        int ascii = (int) (s.charAt (i));  
        if (ascii == 32) //space  
            ans += ' ';  
        else if (ascii == 122) //z  
            ans += 'a';  
        else //all other letters  
            ans += (char) (ascii + 1);  
    }  
    return ans;  
}
```

Add on the shifted next letter

What does this do?



Another method

```
public String caesar2 (String s) {  
    String alpha = "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz ";  
    String key = "bcdefghijklmonpqrstuvwxyz ";  
    String ans = "";  
    s = s.toLowerCase ();  
    for (int i = 0 ; i < s.length () ; i++) {  
        char letter = s.charAt (i);  
        int place = alpha.indexOf (letter);  
        ans += key.charAt (place);  
    }  
    return ans;  
}
```

0	1	2	3	4
V	i	o	I	a

```
public String caesar2 (String s) { 22  
    String alpha = "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz ";  
    String key = "bcdefghijklmonpqrstuvwxyz";  
    String ans = "";  
    s = s.toLowerCase ();  
    for (int i = 0 ; i < s.length () ; i++) {  
        char letter = s.charAt (i); V  
        int place = alpha.indexOf (letter); 22  
        ans += key.charAt (place); W  
    }  
    return ans;  
}
```

0	1	2	3	4
v	i	o	l	a

These three lines can all be done in one glorious line of code. However, it tends to freak students out, so I trace the first one.

```
for (int i = 0 ; i < s.length () ; i++) {  
    char letter = s.charAt (i);  
    int place = alpha.indexOf (letter);  
    ans += key.charAt (place);  
}
```

```
public String caesar2 (String s) {  
    String alpha = "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz ";  
    String key = "bcdefghijklmonpqrstuvwxyz ";  
    String ans = "";  
    s = s.toLowerCase ();  
    for (int i = 0 ; i < s.length () ; i++)  
        ans += key.charAt (alpha.indexOf (s.charAt (i)));  
    return ans;  
}
```